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S. G. Salecha & Co.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SBI MUTUAL FUND TRUSTEE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SBI MUTUAL FUND TRUSTEE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023 and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors ("the Board") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing ("SAs") will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order to the extent applicable.
- 2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2023 taken on record by the Board, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.



- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in **Annexure B.** Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014 in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - (b) The Company does not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - (c) There are no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - (d) (i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (ii) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (iii) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material misstatement.
 - (e) The Company has not declared or paid dividend during the year under audit.



3. As required by Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and in accordance with the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India we report on the matters specified in clauses I, II & III of the revised directions as under:

Sr. No.	Revised Directions	Specific Comment on Revised Direction
Ī	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT System? If Yes, the implications of processing of accounting transaction outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implication, if any may be stated?	The Company has a system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system. According to the information and explanations given to us, and on the basis of our examination there are no accounting transactions processed outside IT system impacting the integrity of the accounts.
II	Whether there is any re-structuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts /loans /interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government Company, then its direction is also applicable for the statutory auditor of lender company).	According to the information and explanations given to us, and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we report that there are no cases of waiver/write off of Debts/loans/interest due to the Company's inability to repay.
Ш	Whether funds (grants/subsidy, etc) received /receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for / utilized as per its terms and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	According to the information and explanation given to us, and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no funds (grants / subsidy, etc) received / receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies and as such there is no deviation.

For S. G. Salecha & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FIRM REG. NO. 108986W

Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 28th April, 2023 DHARAMRAJ D SINGH

(PARTNER)

Membership No.146179

UDIN NO.: 23146179BGWXVK4911

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the members of SBI Mutual Fund Trustee Company Private Limited ("the Company") on the Financial Statements as of and for the year ended 31st March 2023

- (i) The Company does not own any Property, Plant and Equipments during the financial year under review. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a) to (e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) Since the Company is a service provider primarily rendering Trusteeship services, it does not hold any physical inventories and hence, clause 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) The Company has not made any investments or granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, clause 3(iii)(a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has not given any loans, guarantees or securities in respect of provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of Companies Act, 2013. Further, in respect of investments made, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (v) In our opinion, the Company has not accepted deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under. Hence clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of Cost records under Section 148(1) of Companies Act, 2013 for any of the services rendered by the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, Goods and Service Tax and other statutory dues applicable to the Company with appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, Goods and Service Tax and any other material statutory dues applicable to the Company, were outstanding as on the last day of the financial year, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues outstanding in respect of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.



- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of accounts, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence, reporting under clause 3(x) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with its size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, during the course of our audit, the reports of the Internal Auditor for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, the Company has not entered during the year into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and hence, clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditor of the Company during the year and hence, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (xix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report and that the Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- (xx) The requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 135 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xxi) In our opinion, the Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements and hence, reporting under clause 3 (xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For S. G. Salecha & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FIRM REG. NO. 108986W

DHARAMRAJ D SINGH

(PARTNER) Membership No.146179

UDIN NO.: 23146179BGWXVK4911

Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 28th April, 2023

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

Annexure referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SBI MUTUAL FUND TRUSTEE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED, ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

FIRM REG. NO. 108986W

Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: 28th April, 2023

DHARAMRAJ D SINGH

For S. G. Salecha & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

(PARTNER)

Membership No.146179

UDIN NO.: 23146179BGWXVK4911

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023

₹ in lakhs

		Note No.	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
I	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1	SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			
	(a) Share Capital	2,1	10.00	10.00
	(b) Reserves and Surplus	2,2	4,039,19	3,943.06
			4,049.19	3,953.06
2	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	(a) Long Term Provisions	2.3	9.15	5.79
	2		9.15	5.79
3	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	(a) Trade Payables	2.4	3.99	2.02
	(b) Other Current Liabilities	2.5	12.86	4.05
			16.85	6.07
	TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		4,075.19	3,964,92
II.	ASSETS			
1	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
	(a) Non-current Investments	2.6	1,847,30	1,847.30
	(b) Deferred Tax Asset	2.7	2.54	1.61
	(c) Long Term Loans & Advances	2.8	9.54	5,57
			1,859.38	1,854.48
2	CURRENT ASSETS			
	(a) Current Investments	2.9	2,184.27	2,078.27
	(b) Trade Receivables	2.10	27.52	24.79
	(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,11	3.80	7.38
	(d) Other Current Assets	2.12	0.22	/5:
			2,215.81	2,110.44
	TOTAL ASSETS		4,075.19	3,964.92

See summary of Significant Accounting Policies and accompanying notes which form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report attached of even date

For S. G. Salecha & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 108986W

Dharamraj D. Singh Partner M. No. 146179

Place: Mumbai

Date: 28 April 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Achal Kumar Gupta

Director

DIN: 02192183

Pillappakkam Santhanakrishnan Bahukutumbi

Director DIN: 03213653

Inderject Ghuliani

Chief Financial Officer (SBI Funds Management Limited)

Date: 28 April 2023

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2023

₹ in lakhs

	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31/Mar/2023	Year ended 31/Mar/2022	
I	Revenue from Operations	2.13	282,10	245 48	
11	Other Income	2_14	6,00	404.79	
Ш	Total Income (I + II)		288.10	650.27	
IV	Expenses				
	(1) Employee Benefit Expense	2,15	46.48	26.71	
	(2) Other Expenses	2.16	127.66	71.75	
	Total Expenses		174.14	98.46	
V	Profit Before Exceptional & Extra-ordinary Items and Tax (III - IV)		113.96	551.81	
VI	Exceptional Items		*	2	
VII	Profit before Extra-ordinary Items and Tax (V - VI)		113.96	551.81	
VIII	Extra-ordinary Items				
IX	Profit Before Tax (VII - VIII)		113.96	551.81	
X	Tax Expense				
	(1) Current Tax		33.21	92.14	
	(2) Deferred Tax		(0.93)	(1.61)	
	(3) MAT Credit utilised against current year tax liability		(14.19)	*	
	(4) Short / (Excess) Provision of Past Years		(0.26)	=======================================	
	Total Tax Expense		17.83	90.53	
XI	Profit for the Year (IX - X)		96.13	461.28	
XII	Earnings Per Equity Share of ₹ 10 each	4			
	(1) Basic		96.13	461.28	
	(2) Diluted		96.13	461.28	

See summary of Significant Accounting Policies and accompanying notes which form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report attached of even date

For S. G. Salecha & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 108986W

Dharamraj D. Singh Partner M. No. 146179

Place: Mumbai

Date: 28 April 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Achal Kumar Gupta

Director

DIN: 02192183

Pillappakkam Santhanakrishnan Bahukutumbi

Director

DIN: 03213653

Independent hulland

Chief Financial Officer (SBI Funds Management Limited)

Date: 28 April 2023

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2023

₹ in lakhs

	< in takhs			
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended		
rarucuars	31/Mar/2023	31/Mar/2022		
Cash flow from operating activities				
Net Profit Before Taxation	113.96	551.81		
Less:				
Provision for Gratuity	1,51	1.01		
Provision for Leave Encashment	1.85	2,52		
Interest on Income Tax Refund	8	(0.78)		
Profit on sale of current investments	(6.00)	(404.01)		
Operating profit before working capital changes	111.32	150.55		
Decrease/(Increase) in Trade Receivables	(2.73)	19.76		
Decrease/(Increase) in other Current Assets	(0.22)	X#		
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables & other Current Liabilities	10.78	(1.85)		
Cash generated from operations	119.15	168.46		
Income taxes paid	(22.73)	(84.04)		
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	96.42	84.42		
Cash flow from investing activities				
Purchase of non-current investments	= =	(489.97)		
Purchase of current investments	(191.00)	(1,714.88)		
Proceeds from sale/redemption of current investments	91.00	2,123.70		
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(100.00)	(81.15)		
Increase in Share capital / Dividends paid				
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-			
C. C				
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A + B + C)	(3.58)	3.27		
D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	7.38	4.11		
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	3.80	7.38		
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Balance with bank in current account	3.80	7.38		

Note: The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in AS 3 'Cash Flow Statements'.

See summary of Significant Accounting Policies and accompanying notes which form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report attached of even date

For S. G. Salecha & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 108986W

Dharamraj D. Singh

Partner M. No. 146179

Place: Mumbai

Date: 28 April 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Achal Kumar Gupta

Director

DIN: 02192183

Billappakkam Santhanakrishnan

Bahukutumbi Director

DIN: 03213653

Inderject Ghuliani

Chief Financial Officer (SBI Funds Management Limited)

Date: 28 April 2023

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

1 Significant Accounting Policies

Background:

SBI Mutual Fund Trustee Company Private Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on 2nd January 2003 under the Companies Act, 1956 as a wholly owned subsidiary of State Bank of India (SBI).

The Company is appointed as the Trustee to SBI Mutual Fund ('the Fund') vide the Restated and Amended Trust Deed dated December 29, 2004, to supervise the activities of the Fund, upon approval granted by Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. The Company also provides Trusteeship services to various Category II and Category III Alternative Investment Funds (AIFs) floated by SBI Funds Management Limited.

1.1 Basis of preparation:

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP). These financial statements comply in all material respects with mandatory accounting standards as specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder as applicable to the Company. These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, with fundamental accounting assumptions of going concern, consistency and accrual, unless otherwise stated.

1.2 Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that are considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as on the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reported period. The management believes that the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

1.3 Presentation of Financial Statements:

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of the services and the time between the provision of services and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

Assets

An asset shall be classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- c) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Current assets include current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets shall be classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability shall be classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- c) the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities shall be classified as non-current.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

1.4 Investments:

Investments which are readily realizable and are intended to be held for not more than twelve months from the Balance Sheet date are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as Non-Current investments. Current investments are carried at cost or fair value, whichever is lower. Non-Current investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution is made to recognize a decline, other than temporary, in the value of investments, such reduction being determined and made for each investment individually.

Purchase and sale of investments are recorded on trade date.

1.5 Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

1.6 Revenue Recognition:

- (a) Trusteeship fee is recognised on accrual basis at specific rates agreed with the relevant schemes and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, applied on the percentage of daily net assets of each scheme, and is in conformity with the limits specified under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
- (b) Gains and losses on sale/redemption of investments are determined using the weighted average cost method.
- (c) Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the same is established.
- (d) Interest on income-tax refund is accounted on receipt basis.

1.7 Employee Benefits:

(i) Defined Contribution Plan:

The Company has defined contribution plans for post-employment benefits in the form of Provident Fund, wherein the Company contributes to Government administered Statutory Provident Fund on behalf of employees. The Company has no further obligation beyond making the said contribution. The Company's contribution to Statutory Provident Fund is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plans:

<u>Gratuity:</u> The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan, wherein the Company's gratuity obligation is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current period. The gratuity obligation is determined for every completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months considering last drawn basic salary x 15/26, and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on accrual basis at the end of each financial year.

<u>Leave Encashment:</u> The employees are entitled to accumulate leave subject to certain limits for future encashment. The Leave Encashment liability is a defined benefit obligation determined based on gross salary and is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on accrual basis at the end of each financial year.

1.8 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date, supplemented by experience of similar transactions. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Provision in respect of loss contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. are recognised when it is probable that a liability has been incurred, and the amount can be estimated reliably.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote.

Contingent assets are not recognised in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

1.9 Taxes on Income:

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current Tax is measured on the basis of estimated taxable income for the current accounting period in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Tax assets and tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for future tax consequences attributable for timing differences between carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their respective tax base. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Deferred tax assets are recognized on carried forward tax losses and unabsorbed depreciation only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that such deferred tax assets can be realized against future taxable income. Deferred tax assets, unrecognized or recognized, are re-assessed at each balance sheet date and are recognized / reduced to the extent that it is reasonably certain / no longer reasonably certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) Credit entitlement is recognised where there is convincing evidence that the same can be realised in future.

1.10 Earnings Per Share:

The Basic Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Note No. 2.1 - EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
AUTHORISED		
1,00,000 (PY:1,00,000) Equity Shares of ₹10/- each	10.00	10.00
	10.00	10.00
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & FULLY PAID UP		
1,00,000 (PY:1,00,000) Equity Shares of ₹10/- each fully paid up	10.00	10.00
	10.00	10.00

a. Details of Shareholding as at March 31, 2023

Equity Shares held by:

1,00,000 shares (PY: 1,00,000) are held by State Bank of India, the Company's holding entity, and its nominees since the incorporation of the Company. Any transfer of shares shall take effect only by the approval of the Board of Directors of the Company.

b Reconciliation of the number of Equity Shares outstanding

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Number of Shares at the beginning of the year	1,00,000	1,00,000
Add: Shares issued	96	*
Less: Shares Forfeited		
Number of Shares at the end of the year	1,00,000	1,00,000

c Each Equity Share is entitled to one voting right only.

Note No. 2.2 - RESERVES AND SURPLUS

a Surplus as per Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022		
Net Profit after Tax	96.13	461.28		
Balance brought forward	3,943.06	3,481.78		
Profit Available for Appropration	4,039.19	3,943.06		
Appropriations	(her			
Surplus Carried to Balance Sheet	4,039.19	3,943.06		





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Note No. 2.3 - LONG TERM PROVISIONS

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022	
Provision for Employee Benefits			
Provision for Gratuity	4.78	3.27	
Provision for Leave Encashment	4.37	2.52	
Total	9.15	5.79	

Note No. 2.4 - TRADE PAYABLES

₹ in lakhs

		C DIT POSICIPE
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Trade Payables		
Dues to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME)	90	:#X
Other than MSME	3.99	2.02
Total	3.99	2.02

Trade Payables - Ageing Schedule

₹ in lakhs

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME		ä	₩	3		<u> </u>
(ii) Others	CY	3.99	- 7/1) To	-	3.99
*includes provisions also	PY	2.02	.=2	٠	= "	2.02
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME		::	5 4 2)	1.50		25
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others		; .	(36)	€	=	04

Note No. 2.5 - OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

		(III IUIIII
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Statutory Dues:		
TDS & Profession Tax Payable	1.71	1.50
Staff Payable	8.50	(₹)
GST Payable (net)	2.65	2.55
Total	12.86	4.05





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Note No. 2.6 - NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Nos.	As at 31-Mar-2023	Nos.	As at 31-Mar-2022
A Unquoted Investments				
I. Investment in Equity Instruments (At Cost)				
Equity shares of SBI Foundation (each share of ₹ 10 fully paid up)	1,000	0.10	1,000	0.10
II. Investments in Mutual Funds (At Cost)				
SBI Treasury Advantage Fund - Growth**	1,589	27.50	1,589	27.50
SBI Conservative Hybrid Fund - Direct - Growth *	9,20,558	489.97	9,20,558	489.97
SBI Arbitrage Opportunities Fund - Dividend *	51,76,175	729.92	51,76,175	729.92
SBI Short Term Debt Fund - Direct - Growth *	24,23,220	470.81	24,23,220	470.81
SBI Corp Bond Fund - Direct - Growth *	11,65,114	129.00	11,65,114	129.00
		1,847.30		1,847.30
* Face value of each Unit is ₹ 10/-				
** Face value of each Unit is ₹ 1,000/-				
a Aggregate Value of unquoted investments in Equity Instruments (At	Cost)	0.10		0.10
b Aggregate NAV of unquoted investments in Mutual Funds		2,293.40		2,175.37
c Aggregate provision for diminution in value of investments		Nil		Nil

Note No. 2.7 - DEFERRED TAX ASSET

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Provision for Gratuity	1.33	0.91
Provision for Leave Encashment	1.21	0.70
Total Deferred Tax Asset	2.54	1.61

Note No. 2.8 - LONG TERM LOANS & ADVANCES

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Advance Tax (Net)	9,54	5.57
Total	9.54	5.57

Note No. 2.9 - CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Particulars	Nos.	As at 31-Mar-2023	Nos.	As at 31-Mar-2022
I. Investments in Mutual Funds (At Cost)				
Investment in Schemes of SBI Mutual Fund				
SBI Magnum Ultra Short Fund - Direct - Growth **	36,307	1,708.67	36,307	1,708.67
SBI Liquid Fund - Direct - Growth **	14,633	475.60	11,673	369.60
Total Current Investments		2,184.27		2,078.27
** Face value of each Unit is ₹ 1,000/-				
a Aggregate NAV of unquoted investments in Mutual Funds		2,388.46		2,167.08
b Aggregate provision for diminution in value of investments		Nil		Nil





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Note No. 2.10 - TRADE RECEIVABLES

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Unsecured, Considered good		
- Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date its due	_	900
- Others (Trusteeship Fees)	27.52	24.79
Total Trade Receivables	27.52	24.79

Trade Receivables - Ageing Schedule

₹ in lakhs

		Outsta	nding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade	CY	27.52		-	18:	#	27.52
Receivables – considered good	PY	24.79	jej .	- v	: - :	<u> </u>	24.79
(ii) Undisputed Trade							
Receivables - considered doubtful				~		*	2
(iii) Disputed Trade							
Receivables – considered good			2	7	1.5	=	*
(iv) Disputed Trade							
Receivables – considered doubtful		-	-	~	72	ĕ	

Note No. 2.11 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Balance with Bank in Current Account	3.80	7.38
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	3.80	7.38

Note No. 2.12 - OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023	As at 31-Mar-2022
Other receivables	0.22	
Total Other Current Assets	0.22	н





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Note No. 2.13 - REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31-Mar-2023	Year ended 31-Mar-2022
Trusteeship Fees	282.10	245.48
Total Revenue	282.10	245.48

Note No. 2.14 - OTHER INCOME

₹ in lakhs

	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Net gain on redemption of investments in Mutual Funds	6.00	404.01
Interest on Income Tax Refund	*	0.78
Total	6.00	404.79

Note No. 2.15 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
1 at ticulars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022	
Salaries and allowances *	41.73	22.10	
Leave salary	1.85	2.52	
Contribution to provident fund	1.39	1.08	
Provision for gratuity	1.51	1.01	
Total	46.48	26.71	

^(*) Including staff payable of previous year of Rs.6.16 lakhs)

Note No. 2.16 - OTHER EXPENSES

	·		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
1 di ticulai 5	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022	
Administrative & Establishment Cost	30.00	30.00	
Directors Sitting Fees	47.40	36.00	
Travelling, Lodging & Boarding	44.16	(m)	
Legal and Professional Fees	2.99	2.65	
Payment to Auditors:			
Audit Fee	0.85	0.75	
Other matters	0.50	0.47	
Miscellaneous Expenses	1.76	1.88	
Total	127.66	71.75	





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

3 Employee Benefits:

In accordance with the Accounting Standard on "Employee Benefits" (AS-15) (Revised 2005), the Company has provided the following benefits to its employees which are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss under the head 'Employee Benefit Expenses':

(in lakhs

		(x in rakiis)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Contribution to Provident Fund	1.39	1,08
Liability for Gratuity	1.51	1,01
Liability for Leave Encashment	1.85	2,52

4 Earnings Per Share (E.P.S.)

EPS is computed in accordance with the AS-20 'Earnings Per Share'. The numerators and denominators used to calculate the Basic and Diluted EPS are given below:

Particulars	Year ended 31-Mar-2023	Year ended 31-Mar-2022
Net Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (A) (₹ in lakhs)	96.13	461.28
Weighted Average Number of Shares (Nos.) (B)	1,00,000	1,00,000
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (A/B) (₹ per share)	96.13	461.28
Nominal Value per Share	10_00	10.00

The Company does not have any potential equity shares and, accordingly, the Basic and Diluted EPS are the same.

5 Contingent Liabilities & Capital Commitments: Nil (PY: Nil)

6 Segmental Reporting:

The Company is in the business of providing Trusteeship services to schemes floated by SBI Mutual Fund and various Category II and Category III AIFs. The Company is engaged in only one business segment and its operations are carried out entirely in Mumbai, India. Hence, there are no separate reportable segments as per AS-17 'Segment Reporting'.

7 Related Party Disclosure:

Holding Company State Bank of India holds 100% of the share capital

Other Related parties with whom transacted:

Fellow Subsidiaries SBI Funds Management Limited

SBI Foundation

Mutual Fund and Alternate Investment Fund (AIF), for which the SBI Mutual Fund

Company is the Trustee SBI Alternative Debt Fund (Cat-II AIF)

SBI Alternative Equity Fund (Cat-III AIF)

SBI Resurgent India Opportunity Fund

SBI Investment Opportunities Fund (IFSC) (Cat-III AIF)

Key Managerial Personnel:

Directors Dhruv Prakash

Sunil Satyapal Gulati Archana Niranjan Hingorani

Achal Kumar Gupta Amarjit Chopra

Pillappakkam Santhanakrishnan Bahukutumbi (from 18.10.2022)

Richard Mendonca (up to 28.04.2022)





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

List of transactions with related parties:

(2 in lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Mutual Fund & AIF for which the Company is a Trustee	Directors
Administrative & Establishment Expenses	726	30.00	3	(4)
Administrative & Establishment Expenses		(30,00)	* .	:#3
Reimbursement of Expenses	158	0.13	5.	370
Remiduracine of Expenses	(40)		-	3 0
Trusteeship Fees	200	8	282.10	(20)
Trusteesinp 1 ees		E	(245.48)	720
Purchase of investments	(B)	-	191.00	30
i dichase of investments	150	-	(2,204.85)	(7)
Sale / Redemption of investments	38		91.00	
sale / Redemption of investments	380	÷:	(2,123.70)	
Balance in current account	3,80	24	-	7
Balance in current account	(7.38)			190
Sundry Debtors	(7)	-	27.52	
Buildry Debiois	140	12	(24.79)	563
Bank Charges	0,01	-	*	183
Dank Charges	(0.01)	=======================================	2	
Sitting Fees	· ·	=	*	47 4
Sitting 1 cca	57/	-		(36.0

Note: Figures in the brackets represent previous year figures.

The Company has maintained bank account with State Bank of India (SBI), which is operated in the ordinary course of business. Inflows and outflows routed through such bank account are not considered as transactions with related party (SBI) and hence, have not been disclosed above.

8 Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Trade payables and other current liabilities do not include any amount payable to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMEDA) which came into force from October 02, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, who have registered with the competent authorities.

Particulars	Year ended 31-Mar-2023	Year ended 31-Mar-2022
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end	Nil	Nil
Interest due thereon	Nil	Nil
Amount of interest paid by the company in terms of section 16 of the MSMEDA, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	Nil	Nil
Amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMEDA	Nil	Nil
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	Nil	Nil
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	Nil	Nil

9 Expenditure in Foreign Currency: Nil (PY: Nil)

10 Earnings in Foreign Currency: Nil (PY: Nil)





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

11 Ratios:

Ratios	Formula	FY 2022-23		FY 2021-22		
		Basis (₹ in lakhs)	Ratio	Basis (₹ in lakhs)	Ratio	% Change
Current Ratio (#)	Current Assets Current Liabilities	2215.81 16.85	131.50	2110 44 6 07	347.68	-62_18%
Return on Equity Ratio / Return on Capital Employed / Return on Investment (*)	Net Profit After Tax x 100 Networth	96 13 4049 19	2.37%	461.28 3953.06	11.67%	-79.65%
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (\$)	Credit Sales Average Trade Receivables	282.1 26.155	10.79	245.48 34.67	7,08	52,33%
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Purchases Average Trade Payables	127.66 3 01	42 48	71.75 1.98	36,24	17,23%
Net Capital Turnover Ratio (\$)	<u>Sales</u> Net Assets	282 <u>I</u> 4049.19	0.07	245.48 3953.06	0,06	12,19%
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit After Tax x 100 Total Income	96.13 288.1	33,37%	461.28 650.27	70.94%	-52,96%
Debt-Equity Ratio / Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Not Applicable as the Company does not have any Debt					
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Not Applicable since the Company is a service provider and does not have any Inventory					

(#) Current Ratio has declined due to increase in current liabilities

ECHA

- (*) Return on Equity / Capital Employed / Investment is higher in the previous year on account of profit on redemption of Debt Mutual Funds.
- (\$) Trade Receivables and Net Capital Turnover Ratio is impacted on account of increase in revenue from operations
- The MAT credit (asset) as on 31st March 2023 amounting to Rs.25.35 lakh (P_xY_x Rs.39.54 lakh) has not been recognised in the books of account as there is no convincing evidence of its adjustment in future.
- 13 Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform to the current year's classification.

As per our report attached of even date

For S. G. Salecha & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 108986W

Dharamraj D. Singh

Partner M. No. 146179

Place: Mumbai

Date: 28 April 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Achal Kumar Gupta

Director

DIN: 02192183

Inderject Ghuliani

Chief Financial Officer (SBI Funds Management Limited)

Date: 28 April 2023

Pillappakkam Santhanakrishnan Bahukutumbi

Director DIN: 03213653